# 2021 年宁波市慈溪市小升初英语考试试卷真题(人教 PEP 版)

题号	_	<u> </u>	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	+	总分
得分											

注意事项:

- 1. 答题前填写好自己的姓名、班级、考号等信息
- 2. 请将答案正确填写在答题卡上

2. 焆付台杀止朔埧与任合赵	<sup>下⊥</sup> 第Ⅰ卷(选择题)	
评卷人 得分 一、词	<b>仁选择题</b>	
选出与句中画线部分单词属于	同一类的一项。	
1. This <u>dress</u> is very pretty. (	)	
A. short	B. shirt	C. cheap
2. I can use <u>chopsticks</u> . ( )		
A. ball	B. noodle	C. bowl
3. The weather is <u>hot</u> and sunn	y. ( )	
A. rain	B. warm	C. wind
4. I'm 43 <u>kilograms</u> . ( )		
A. heavy	B. metres	C. countryside
5. Can I try them on? ( )		
A. size	B. scarf	C. become
6. That's the tallest dinosaur in	this museum. ( )	
A. mule	B. beach	C. hotel
评卷人 得分 二、语	音选择题	
找出画线部分发音不同的单词	•	
7.		
A. lunch	_B. <u>ch</u> air	C. sheep
8.		
A. fly	_B. rainy	_C. family
9.		

A. <u>wh</u> o	B. where	C. water
10.		
A. snow	B. window	_C. c <u>ow</u>
11.		
A. <u>br</u> own	B. <u>gr</u> ow	C. li <u>br</u> ary
评卷人 得分		
三、単	选题	
12. You are 45kg. I'm 43kg. S	o you are than me. (	)
A. heavyer	B. heavier	C. thinner
13. —When is Father's Day? (	( )	
<u> </u>		
A. It's in May.	B. It's in June.	C. It's in July.
14. This sign means "	_". ( 🎁 ) ( ) 🔪	
A. No eating	B. Talk quietly	C. Take turns
15. —Where your f	Tather? ( )	
—He works in a gym.		
A. is; working	B. do; works	C. does; work
16. I see bridges ov	er the river, but I like the	one best. ( )
A. three; third	B. third; two	C. third; second
17. Christmas is in	in Australia. ( )	
A. winter	B. summer	C. autumn
18. This magazine talked	a lot of new films. And I b	ought it yesterday.
( )		
A. with; on	B. at; on	C. about; /
19. Listen! The students	English songs in the classro	oom. Because they will
a singing contest nex	ct month. (	
A. sing; have	B. are singing; have	C. singing; having
20. —If I am angry, what shou	ıld I do? ( )	
A. You should take a deep bre	ath.	B. You should wear warm

clot	hes.	C. You should see a doc			
21.	All's well that ends well. I	t means "". (	)		
Α.	所有都很好。	B. 结果好一切都好。		C.	生活开心就好。

## 第 II 卷 (非选择题)

评卷人	得分	四、字母题
22. 写出下	列字母的	的左邻右舍。(包括大小写,注意书写规范)
Gg _		Uu Kk
评卷人	得分	
		五、补全句子
23. Don't r	run on the	(ssrag)
24. I want	to buy a	(topsarod)
评卷人	得分	六、选内容补全对话/短文
		八、処內谷作主內 向/起义

mouth have swim afraid bed fast

What a dream! I like \_\_25\_\_ very much. Last night, I \_\_26\_\_ a dream. I became a small fish. I could swim in the sea. It was really fun. Suddenly, a big fish saw me, and tried to catch me. I was so \_\_27\_\_. I wanted to escape (选跑) from it. But the big fish swam \_\_28\_\_ than me. It opened its \_\_29\_\_ and ate me. Then I woke up. Aha, I was in \_\_30\_\_. It was all a dream. (www.xsc.cn)



# 七、按要求填空



(there be / a river / forest) (?) (根据图片和提示词, 写一句话)



(the cat / yesterday) (.) (根据图片和提示词,写一句话)



(Lily / usually / come to school) (.) (根据图片和提示词,写

一句话)

评卷人	得分

#### 八、看图完成句子



(we / bookstore / tomorrow) (.) (根据图片和提示词,写一句话)



(she / like / dance) (.) (根据图片和提示词,写一句话)

评卷人	得分

九、任务型阅读

I have a good friend. His name is Jack. He's from Spain. He is taller than me. He has big blue eyes and a big nose. In summer, he likes wearing white T-shirts.

Playing football and running are his hobbies, and he is also good at singing. His favourite subject is maths. He doesn't like Chinese, because he thinks it's too difficult. He helps me with my English and I teach him Chinese.

Last Sunday, we played football in the park. We were happy at first. But Jack fell and hurt his foot. He had to see a doctor. The doctor said he should stay in bed for two weeks. He was sad. What a pity! I'm going to see him tomorrow. I hope he will feel better soon.

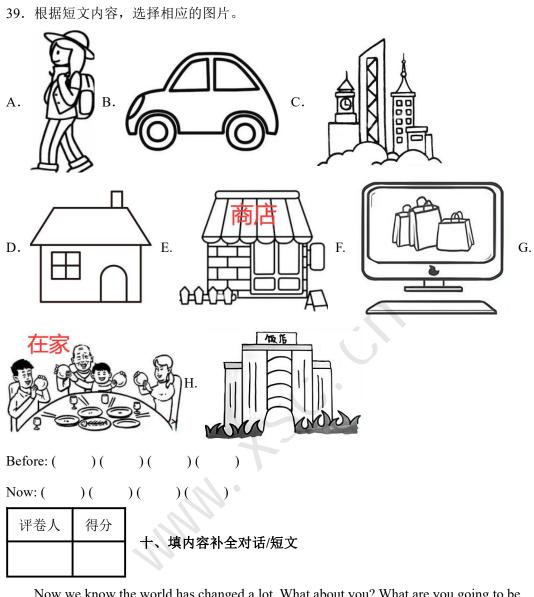
36. 读一读,照例子从文中找出合适的单词写在横线上。

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(1) 例: I—<u>me</u>
                 he-
(2) 例: tall—<u>taller</u>
                    good—
(3) 例: small—big black— easy—
(4) 例: have—<u>had</u>
37. 读一读,选择。
(1) What are Jack's hobbies? (
(2) Does Jack like Chinese or maths? (
A. Chinese and maths.
                         B. He likes Chinese.
                                                 C. He likes maths.
(3) Why did Jack see the doctor last Sunday? (
A. Because he swam.
                        B. Because he hurt his foot. C. Because he stayed in bed.
(4) How did they feel last Sunday? (
                                                C. Both A and B.
A. They were happy.
                          B. They were sad.
    Our life has changed(改变)a lot. Eighteen years ago, there ____ only a few cars in the
street. People went to work on foot, by bike or by bus. But now, you can see many cars
running on the road.
    Before, there were some houses. Now, you can see many tall buildings everywhere.
Before, people could only buy things in some small shops. Now, they can shop on the Internet.
Before, people ate at home. Now, many young people often eat in the restaurant.
    My school has changed a lot, too. Before, there _____ only one small building in the
school. There was no gym, no library, no computer room. But now, there _____ a beautiful
playground, a big gym and clean classrooms. There _____ many books in the library. We
have a music room, a computer room, an art room and so on.
    So we should work harder and make our world better.
38. 读一读,选择合适的词填入短文。
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am / is

was

were



(1) \_\_\_\_\_(2) \_\_\_\_(3) \_\_\_\_(4) \_\_\_\_

Now we know the world has changed a lot. What about you? What are you going to be one day? Please try to write.

I was \_\_\_40\_\_\_ before. But now I am \_\_\_41\_\_\_. Before, I \_\_\_42\_\_\_. Now I \_\_\_43\_\_\_.

Before, I couldn't \_\_\_44\_\_\_. But now, I can do it.

One day I \_\_\_45\_\_\_. Come on.

# 参考答案:

1. B
2. C
3. B
4. B
5. C
6. A
【解析】
【分析】
1.
dress 连衣裙, shirt 衬衣,都属于服装类名词,故选 B。
2.
chopsitcks 筷子,bowl 碗,都属于餐具类名词,故选 C。
3.
hot 炎热的,warm 温暖的,都属于天气类形容词,故选 B。
4.
kilograms 千克,metres 米,都属于单位名词,故选 B。
5.
try 试穿,become 成为,都属于动词,故选 C。
6.
dinosaur 恐龙,mule 骡子,都属于动物类名词,故选 A。
【点睛】
7. C
8. A
9. A
10. C
11. B
【解析】
【分析】

7.

AB 选项划线部分的发音均为 /tʃ/, C 选项划线部分的发音为/ʃ/, 可知 C 选项不同, 故选 C。 8.

BC 选项划线部分的发音均为/ɪ/, A 选项划线部分的发音为/aɪ/, 可知 A 选项不同, 故选 A。9.

BC 选项划线部分的发音均为/w/, A 选项划线部分的发音为/h/, 可知 A 选项不同, 故选 A。 10.

AB 选项划线部分的发音均为/əu/, C 选项划线部分的发音为/au/, 可知 C 选项不同, 故选 C。11.

AC 选项划线部分的发音均为/br/, B 选项划线部分的发音为/gr/, 可知 B 选项不同, 故选 B。

## 【点睛】

12. B

## 【解析】

## 【分析】

#### 【详解】

你 45 千克。我 43 千克。因此你比我重。由句中 than 可知该空应填形容词比较级,由句意可知应是你比我重,heavy 的比较级是 heavier,thinner 更瘦,故选 B。

#### 【点睛】

13. B

## 【解析】

【分析】

#### 【详解】

问句句意:父亲节在什么时候?A它在五月。B它在六月。C它在七月。根据常识可知父亲节在六月,故选 B。

#### 【点睛】

14. B

## 【解析】

【分析】

## 【详解】

这个标志意味着"小声说话"。由所给图片可知为小声说话,A 禁止吃东西,B 小声说话,C 轮流,故选 B。

【点睛】

15. C

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意:—你爸爸在哪里工作?—他在体育馆工作。work 工作,实义动词,your father 是单数第三人称,故需加助动词 does,后跟动词原形,故选 C。

【点睛】

16. A

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意:我看到了河上的三座桥,但是我最喜欢\_\_\_\_\_\_个。第一空表数量,故用基数词,three 是基数词,第二空做 one 的定语,故用序数词,third 第三,序数词,故选 A。

【点睛】

17. B

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意:圣诞节在澳大利亚是在夏天。由常识可知澳大利亚圣诞节在夏天,A 冬天,B 夏天,C 秋天,故选 B。

【点睛】

18. C

【解析】

【分析】

【详解】

句意:这本杂志谈论了很多新电影。我昨天买的。结合句意可知应是讲述 talked about,昨天前不需要加介词,结合选项 C 符合题意,故选 C。

#### 【点睛】

19. B

【解析】

【分析】

#### 【详解】

j 句意: 听! 学生们正在教室里唱英语歌。因为他们下个月将有一场演唱比赛。根据 listen 可知后面动作正在进行,故用现在进行时,主语 + be + 动词的现在分词,第二句是一般将来时,will do 结构,will 后跟动词原形,故选 B。

## 【点睛】

20. A

【解析】

【分析】

#### 【详解】

句意:假如我生气了,我应该怎么做? A 你应该深呼吸。B 你应该穿上暖和的衣服。C 你应该看医生。根据句意可知 A 选项符合,故选 A。

#### 【点睛】

21. B

【解析】

【分析】

#### 【详解】

All's well 所有的都好,that 引导词,ends well 结果好,该句是一句谚语,意思是结果好一切都好。故选 B。

#### 【点睛】

22. Ff Hh Tt Vv Jj Ll

【解析】

#### 【分析】

26 个英文字母的顺序为: Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

## 【详解】

根据字母顺序表可知 Ff Gg Hh 相邻,故答案为 Ff; Hh。

根据字母顺序表可知 Tt Uu Vv 相邻, 故答案为 Tt: Vv。 根据字母顺序表可知 Jj Kk Ll 相邻,故答案为 Jj; Ll。 【点睛】 23. grass 【解析】 【分析】 【详解】 句意: 不要坐在 上。根据所给字母提示可知该单词为 grass 草地, on the grass 在草地上, 故答案为 grass。 【点睛】 24. postcard 【解析】 【分析】 【详解】 句意:我想买一张。根据所给字母提示可知该单词为 postcard 明信片,前面有 a 修饰, 故用单数形式,故答案为 postcard。 【点睛】 25. swimming##to swim 26. had 27. afraid 28. faster 29. mouth 30. bed 【解析】 【分析】 本文讲述了作者的一个梦。 25. 句意: 我非常喜欢\_\_\_\_。根据句意及所给单词提示可知该空填 swim 游泳, like doing sth./like to do sth.喜欢做某事, swim 的动名词形式为 swimming, 不定式 to swim, 故答案为 swimming/to  $swim_{\,\circ}$ 

26.

句意:昨天晚上,我\_\_\_\_\_一个梦。根据句意及所给单词提示可知该空填 have, have a dream 做梦,根据时间 last night 可知该句是一般过去时,故谓语动词用过去式,have 的过去式为 had, 故答案为 had。

27.

句意:我特别\_\_\_\_。根据句意及所给单词提示可知该空填 afraid 害怕的,形容词做 is 的表语,故答案为 afraid。

28.

句意:但是一条大鱼游得比我\_\_\_\_\_。根据句意及所给单词提示可知该空填 fast, than 是比较级的标志词,故该句用比较级,fast 的比较级形式为 faster,故答案为 faster。

29.

句意:它张开它的\_\_\_\_\_并吃了我。根据句意及所给单词提示可知该空填 mouth 嘴,故答案为 mouth。

30.

句意:啊哈,我在\_\_\_\_。根据句意及所给单词提示可知该空填 bed, in bed 在床上,故答案为 bed。

#### 【点睛】

31. Is there a river in the forest?

#### 【解析】

【分析】

## 【详解】

there be 有, a river 一条河, forest 森林, 图意: 森林, 根据图片和提示词及问号可知该句为森林里有河吗? 故答案为 Is there a river in the forest?

#### 【点睛】

32. The cat went fishing yesterday.

#### 【解析】

【分析】

#### 【详解】

the cat 猫, yesterday 昨天,图意:钓鱼,根据图片和提示词可知该句为昨天猫去钓鱼了。故该句为 The cat went fishing yesterday.

## 【点睛】

33. Lily usually comes to school by bus.

【解析】

【分析】

#### 【详解】

Lily 莉莉, usually 通常, come to school 来学校,图意:公共汽车,根据图片和提示词可知该句为莉莉通常乘公共汽车来上学。故答案为 Lily usually comes to school by bus.

#### 【点睛】

34. We are going to/will go to the bookstore tomorrow.

【解析】

【分析】

## 【详解】

由所给单词 tomorrow 可知句子时态为一般将来时,其构成为 be going to/will, 主语为 We, be 动词应用复数形式 are, 所给图片为书店, 因此可以说去书店 go to the bookstore, 故答案为 We are going to/will go to the bookstore tomorrow.

#### 【点睛】

35. She likes dancing.

【解析】

【分析】

#### 【详解】

结合所给单词和图片可知应是她喜欢跳舞,句子时态为一般现在时,主语为 she,因此动词应用第三人称单数形式,喜欢做某事 like doing sth,故答案为 She likes dancing.

#### 【点睛】

36. him better white difficult fell

37. A C B C

【解析】

#### 【分析】

短文主要讲述我的好朋友的个人信息以及他的兴趣爱好和上周日我们踢足球时发生的事儿。 36.

(1) 由所给例子可知应是找人称代词的宾格形式, he 的宾格形式为 him, 故答案为 him。

- (2) 由所给例子可知是找形容词的比较级,good 的比较级为 better, 故答案为 better。
- (3) 由所给例子可知是找对应词,black 的对应词为 white, easy 的对应词为 difficult, 故答案为 white; difficult。
- (4) 由所给例子可知是找动词的过去分词,fall 的过去分词为 fell, 故答案为 fell。 37.
- (1) 句意: 杰克的爱好是什么? 由短文 Playing football and running are his hobbies, and he is also good at singing. 可知杰克的爱好是踢足球和唱歌,结合选项 A 符合题意,故选 A。
- (2) 句意: 杰克喜欢语文还是数学吗? 由短文 His favourite subject is maths. He doesn't like Chinese, because he thinks it's too difficult.可知杰克喜欢数学,A 语文和数学。B 他喜欢语文。C 他喜欢数学。故选 C。
- (3)句意:杰克上周日为什么去看医生了?由短文 But Jack fell and hurt his foot. He had to see a doctor.可知因为杰克伤了他的脚,A 因为他游泳了。B 因为他伤了他的脚。C 因为他卧床了。故选 B。
- (4) 句意: 他们上周日感觉怎么样? 由短文 We were happy at first.He was sad.可知他们上周日起初很开心最后很伤心,结合选项 C 符合题意,故选 C。

#### 【点睛】

- 38. were was is are
- 39. A D E G B C F H

#### 【解析】

#### 【分析】

本文讲述了十八年前和现在很多方面的变化。

38.

句意:十八年前,大街上只有一些小汽车。该句是 there be 句型,主语 cars 是复数,根据时间 Eighteen years ago 可知该句是一般过去时,故 be 动词用 were,故答案为 were。

句意:以前,这个学校里只有一个小楼。该句是 there be 句型,主语 building 是单数,根据时间 before 可知该句是一般过去时,故 be 动词用 was,故答案为 was。

句意:但是现在,有一个漂亮的操场,一个大体育馆和干净的教室。该句是 there be 句型,临近主语 playgroucd 是单数,根据时间 now 可知该句是一般现在时,故 be 动词用 is,故答案为 is。

句意:图书馆里有很多书。该句是 there be 句型,临近主语 books 是复数,根据时间 now 可答案第 8页,共 10页

知该句是一般现在时,故 be 动词用 are,故答案为 are。

39.

Before 以前: People went to work on foot, by bike or by bus.Before, there were some houses. Before, people could only buy things in some small shops. Before, people ate at home. 可知人们步行,骑自行车或乘公共汽车去上班。以前有一些房子。人们知在小商店里买东西。人们在家吃饭。故答案为 A D E G。

Now 现在: But now, you can see many cars running on the road.Now, you can see many tall buildings everywhere. Now, they can shop on the Internet.Now, many young people often eat in the restaurant.可知马路上能看到很多小汽车。现在到处都是高楼。人们在网上购物。很多年轻人经常在餐馆里吃饭。故答案为BCFH。

#### 【点睛】

- 40. short
- 41. tall
- 42. was thin
- 43. am a little fat
- 44. ride a bike
- 45. am going to be a teacher

#### 【解析】

#### 【分析】

短文主要介绍我的变化。

40.

句意:我以前很\_\_\_。句中 was 后应加形容词作表语,可以说我以前很矮,因此该空应填 short,故答案为 short。

41.

句意:但是现在我很\_\_\_。由上文我很矮可知现在应说我很高,因此该空应填高 tall,故答案为 tall。

42.

句意:以前我\_\_\_。结合短文大意可以说我很瘦,句子为过去时态,主语为 I,be 动词应用was,瘦 thin,故答案为 was thin。

43.

句意:现在我\_\_。由上文可知上文很瘦可以说我现在有点胖,句子时态为一般现在时,主语为 I, be 动词应用 am, 一点 a little, 胖 fat, 故答案为 am a little fat。

44.

句意:以前,我不会\_\_\_\_。结合短文大意可以说以前我不会骑自行车,情态动词 couldn't 后应加动词原形,骑自行车 ride a bike,故答案为 ride a bike。

45.

句意:有一天我\_\_。结合短文大意该句应说我的理想,可以说我将成为一名老师,句子时态为一般将来时,其构成为 be going to 后加动词原形,主语为 I,be 动词应用 am,成为 be,一名老师 a teacher,故答案为 am going to be a teacher。

## 【点睛】